

Corrigenda in:***Rodenburgia*, a new genus in the tribe Tmesisternini (Coleoptera: Cerambycidae, Lamiinae) with two new species****Gerrit Withaar**Meidoornstraat 20, 9501 VZ Stadskanaal, The Netherlands
email: g.withaar@hetnet.nlSuara Serangga Papua (SUGAPA digital) 10(2): 54-55
urn:lsid:zoobank.org:pub:8D73C74E-05E2-4494-BB4C-6FAF365F9970

In the presented genera key in SUGAPA 9(2) (April-June 2015), at page 50-51, the genus *Sulawesiella* was accidentally omitted. Herewith a correct replacement is presented.

New key to the genera of the Tmesisternini tribe.

1. Prothorax with one or two lateral tubercles and / or well developed lateral ridges or expansions 2
 - Prothorax simple, evenly rounded at side; elytron weakly ridged, obliquely truncated apically **Elaidius**
2. Last abdominal sternite with tooth or spine at each side 3
 - Last abdominal sternite lacking a tooth or spine at each side 4
3. Prothorax with lateral spine, with or without lateral ridge; teeth of apical sternite strong and elytra shaped normally **Tmesisternus**
 - Prothorax with lateral spine, with lateral ridges and elytra are diverging and wrinkled dorsally **Roodenburgia**
4. Mesosternal tubercle has a rounded projection forward and not a notch in front of the prosternal tubercle **Sulawesiella**
 - Mesosternal tubercle normal shaped 5
5. Eye strongly emarginate or divided 6
 - Eye weakly emarginate; prothorax with discal tubercles and very strong lateral tubercle **Karadinia**
6. Eye strongly emarginate 7
 - Eye divided 9
7. Antennal segment 3 not longer than 4 mm 8
 - Antennal segment 3 distinctly longer than 4 mm; body usually strongly narrowed posteriorly **Trigonoptra**
8. Antenna with segment 3 hardly shorter than 4 mm **Temnosternus**
 - Antenna with segment 3 distinctly shorter than 4 mm **Temnosternopsis**
9. Elytron more or less smooth basally 10
 - Elytron with a strong crest along centre of basal quarter **Buprestomorpha**

- 10.** Prothorax with a small lateral tubercle completely hidden by a strong lateral expansion **Arrhenotoides**
- prothorax different 11
- 11.** Humerus with an anterior ridge or smooth 12
- Humerus bearing a row of strong tubercles or teeth **Sepicana**
- 12.** Humerus with a short or long crest on front margin or with strong tubercle 13
- Humerus simple; elytron long, parallel-sided **Falsapolia**
- 13.** Abdomen long; elytron often truncate or toothed 14
- Abdomen very short, stout and strongly convex; elytron rounded apically 15
- 14.** Antenna with segments 1-6 stouter than more apical segments **Sphingnotus**
- Antenna with segments beyond scape slender **Pascoea**
- 15.** Prothorax with lateral tubercle dorsoventrally flattened and with a weak or blunt tubercle forward and more dorsal on side; antennal scape not reaching near lateral tubercle **Blapsilon**
- Prothorax with lateral tubercle very stout-based and with a prominent acute spine forward and more ventral on side; humerus very prominent; antennal scape reaching to major lateral tubercle **Epiblapsilon**